

# Comcast Use of SCTE Standards

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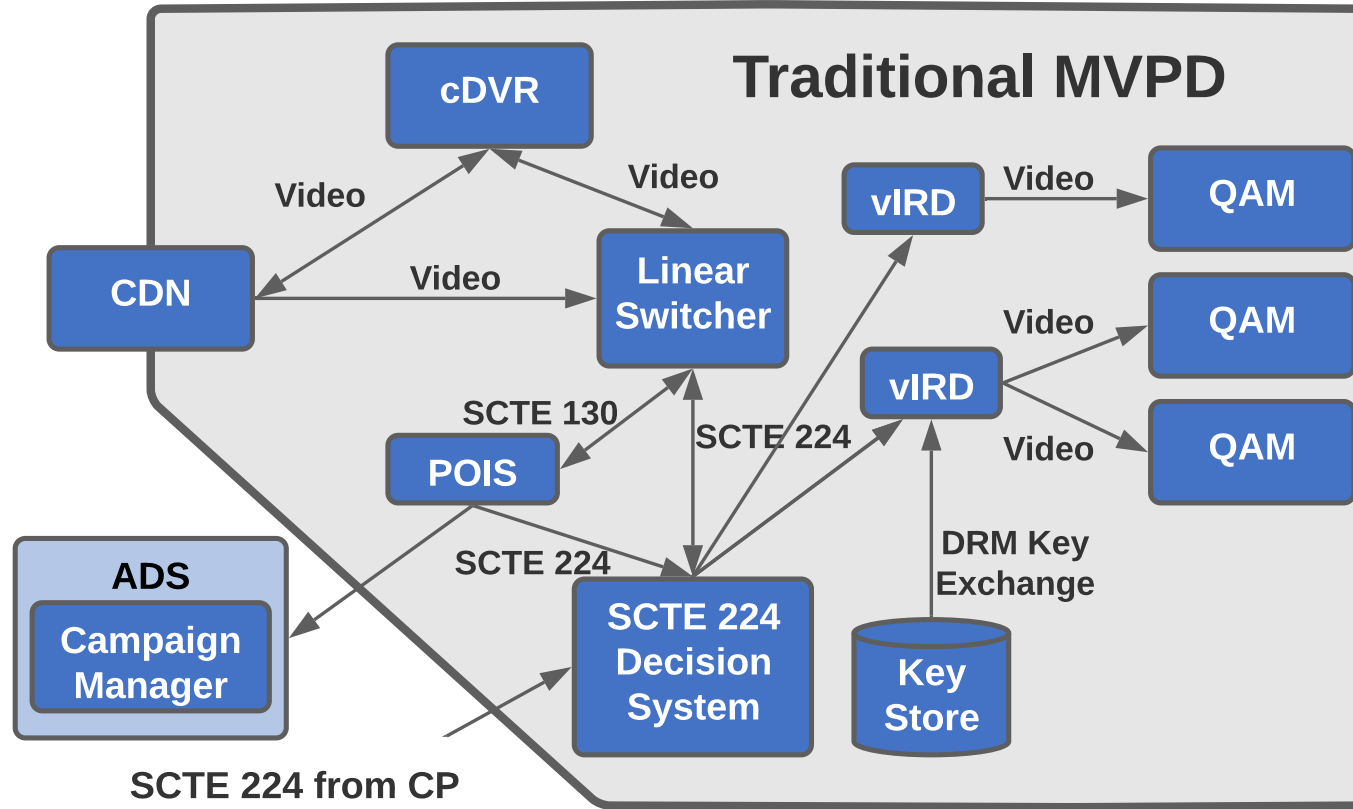


# General Application of SCTE-224

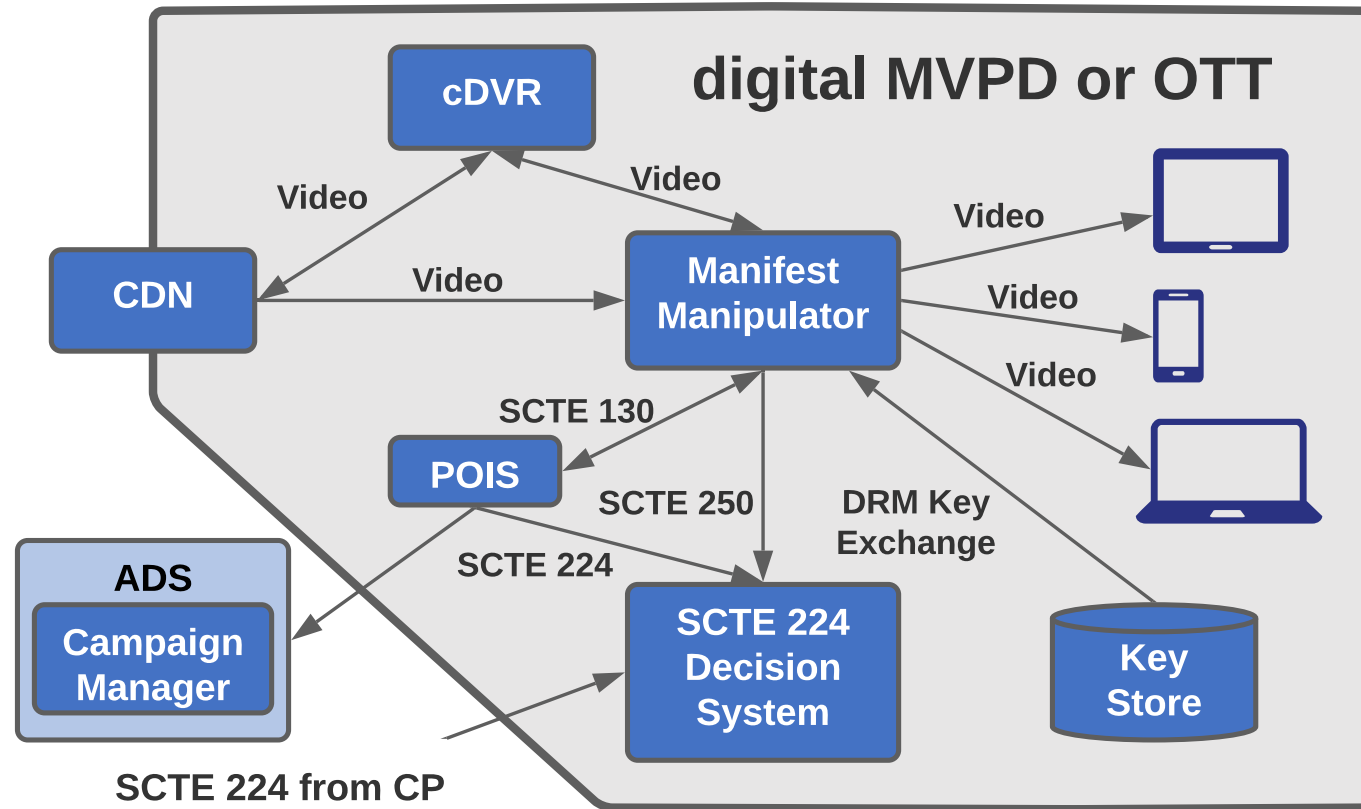
- Regional blackout
  - Provider announces content that is subject to blackout based on geographic constraints. An action is prescribed to replace with alternate content or a slate.
- Ad insertion
  - Provider announces ad splice opportunities. An action is prescribed based upon operator, location, device type, replacement ad type.
- Device based restriction
  - The provider announces an airing subject to be shown on devices or device classes.
- Linear schedule
  - Provider announces upcoming schedule for linear airings (days or weeks in advance). The schedule includes nominal start time and duration. Includes signal matching criteria and associated descriptive metadata.



# Centralized Blackout Control MVPD



# Centralized Blackout Control dMVPD



# Blackout Control Use Case – Syndication Partner

- InDemand (Game1-14 and Team1-10) consist of **24** channels of content (plus slate channels for blackouts)
- Partner has **29** DMAs for each of these channels resulting in a total of **696** regionalized versions of content
- Centralizing content acquisition (with geo-redundant processing centers), would require a total of **1392** video transcoding instances and associated channels
- The use of SCTE-224 metadata and SCTE-35 tags dramatically reduces the required quantity of video transcoder instances and the number of distributed channels to a total of only **52** (redundant content)
- For video QAM delivered content, the linear stream switchers (LSS) at the market level control the required switching between content and slate in a blacked-out region
- For IPTV content, the server-side manifest manipulator provides the required blackout control for the client based upon its location

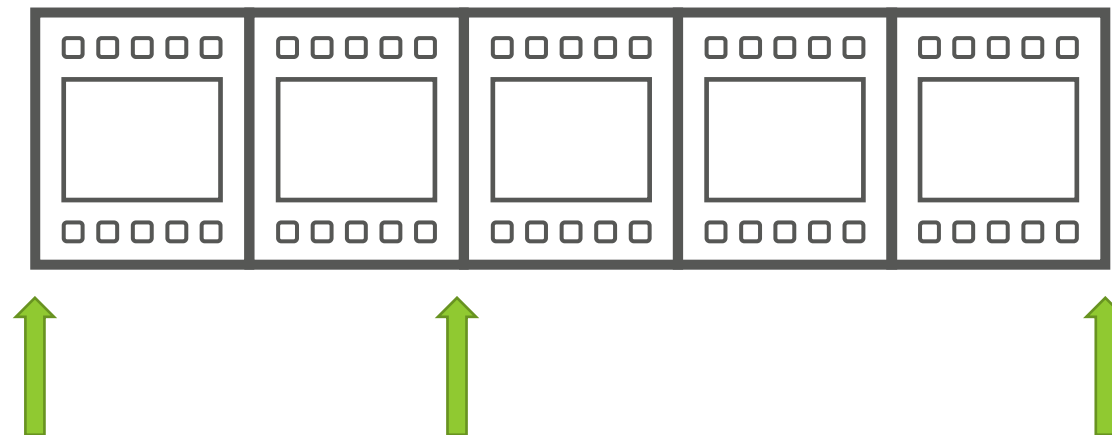


# How Do The Standards Enable This?



# SCTE 35 - Digital Program Insertion Cueing Message for Cable

- Standard that describes the inline insertion of cue tones in mpeg-ts streams.
- It is used to signal all kinds of program and ad events in linear transport streams and in ABR formats.
- Provides frame accurate signaling to encoders, packagers, and manifest manipulators



# SCTE 224 – Event Scheduling and Notification Interface (ESNI)

- Standard that manages the out of band metadata for video playout rights
- Out of band means that it has nearly unlimited space for carrying policies
- Key is the audience associated with each playout right
- Numerous “Actions” for each playout scenario





# SCTE 250 – Real-time Event Signaling and Management API

- ESAM defines a standardized mechanism for a Signal Acquisition System(s) (SAS) to communicate with with Signal Decisioning System(s) (SDS)
- SAS can be multitude of devices (i.e., encoder, transcoder, packager, stream switcher, etc.)
- SDS is typically a Placement Opportunity Information System (POIS) or a SCTE 224 Decision Engine
- Signaling is the SCTE 35 in-band signaling seen by the SAS in the video stream
- Instructions are the SCTE 224 out-of-band metadata



# SCTE 224 – Constructs

## 5 types of messages



### Media

- Represents a channel (i.e., CHX)
- Container for MediaPoints



### MediaPoints

- Represents event or point within that channel (i.e., Program Start)
- Activated by matching time or matching in-band



### Policy

- Container for ViewingPolicy



### ViewingPolicy

- Combines Audience with action

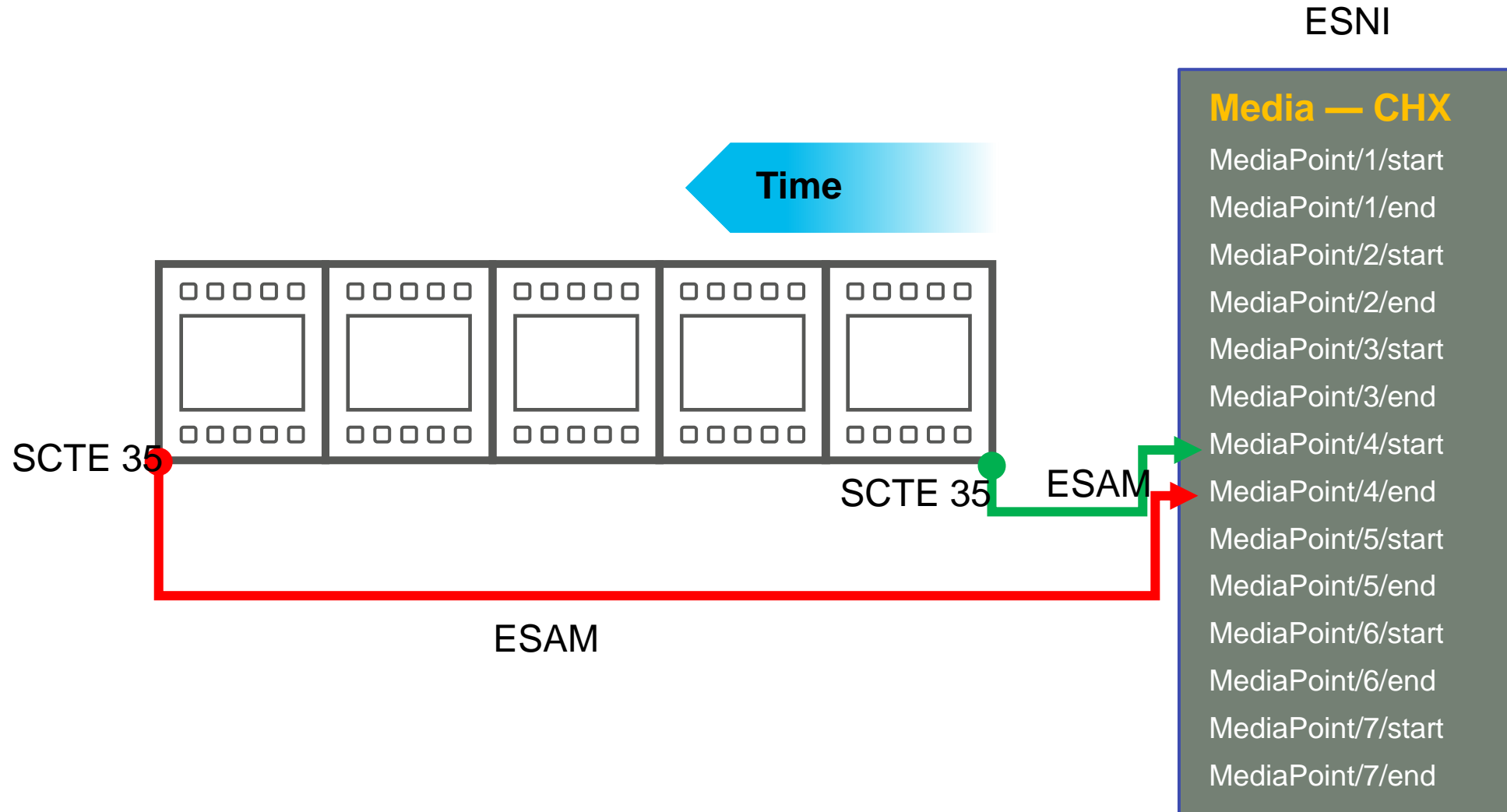


### Audience

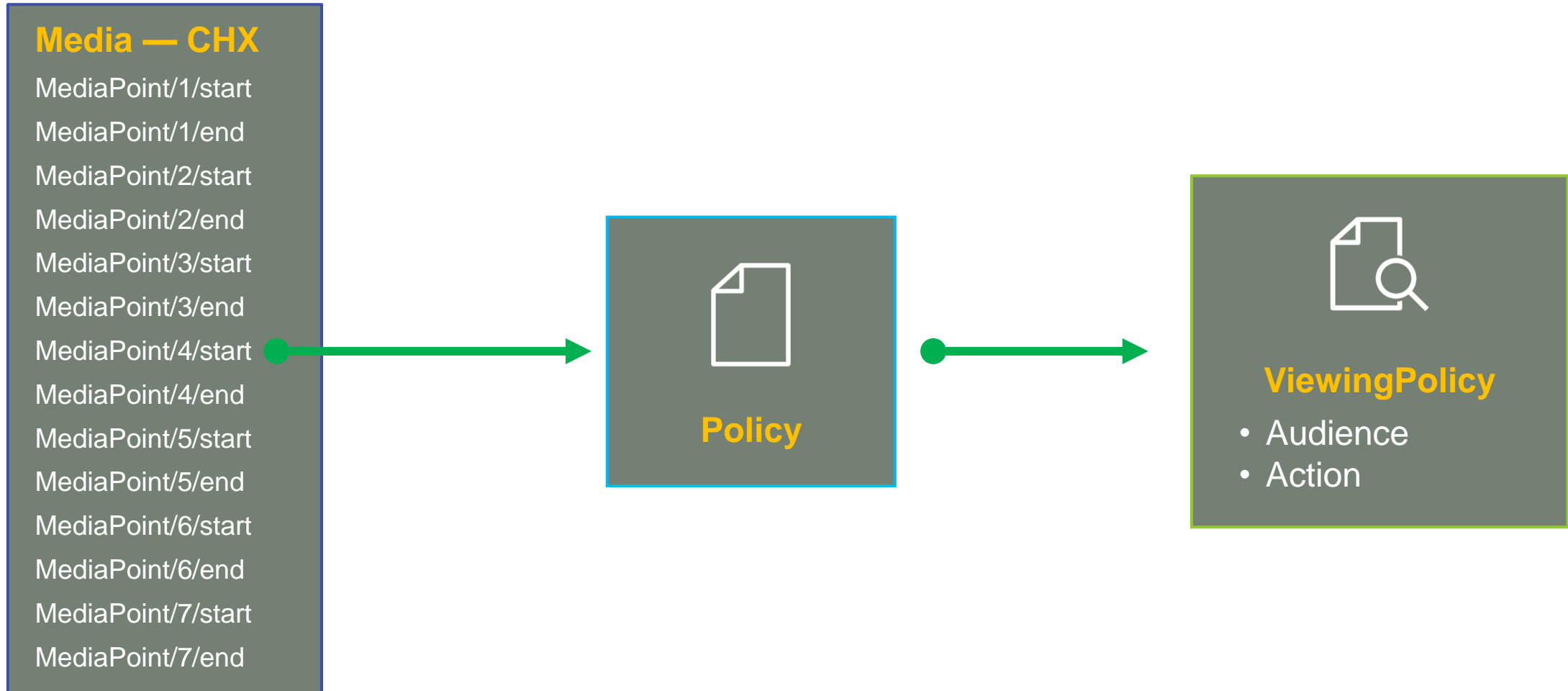
- Group you want to take the ViewingPolicy “action” (i.e., ZIP code or Device)



# SCTE 224 – Constructs

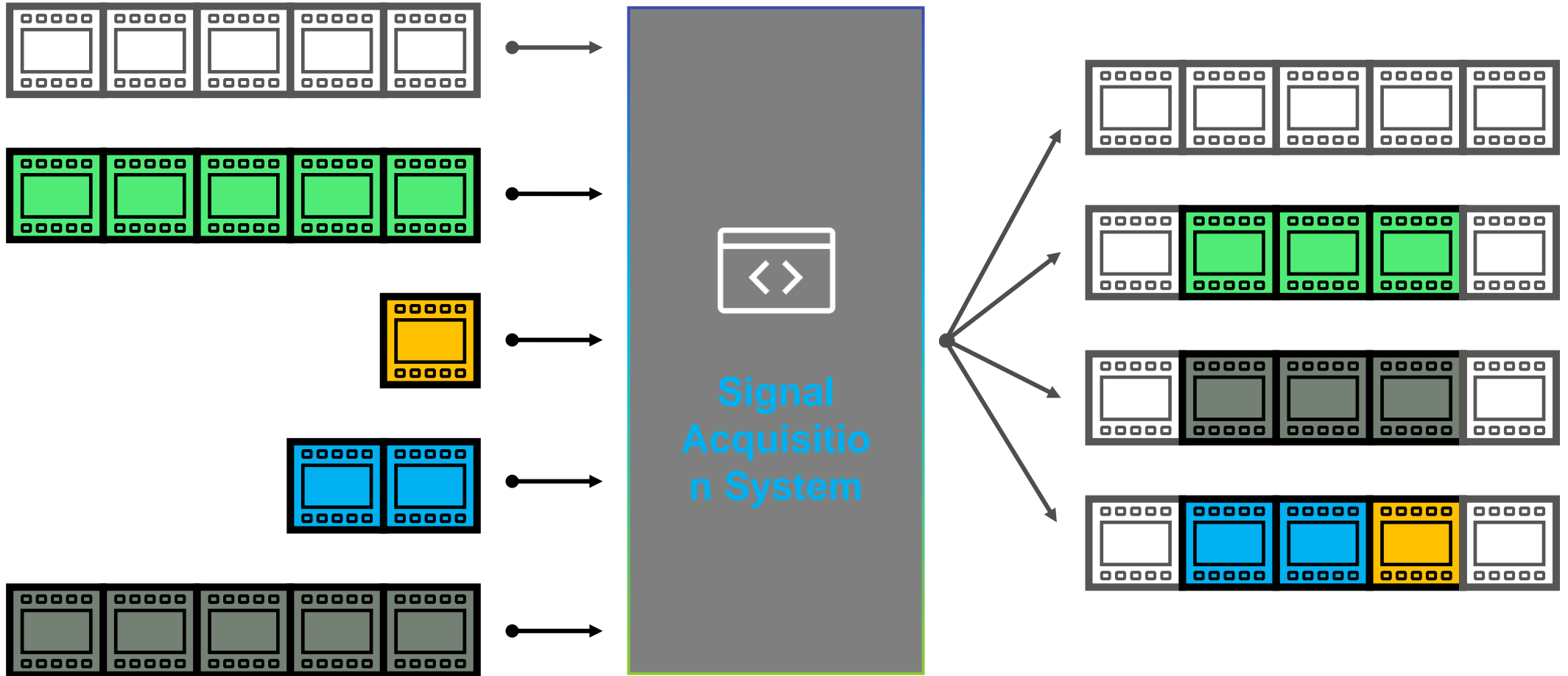


# SCTE 224 – Constructs

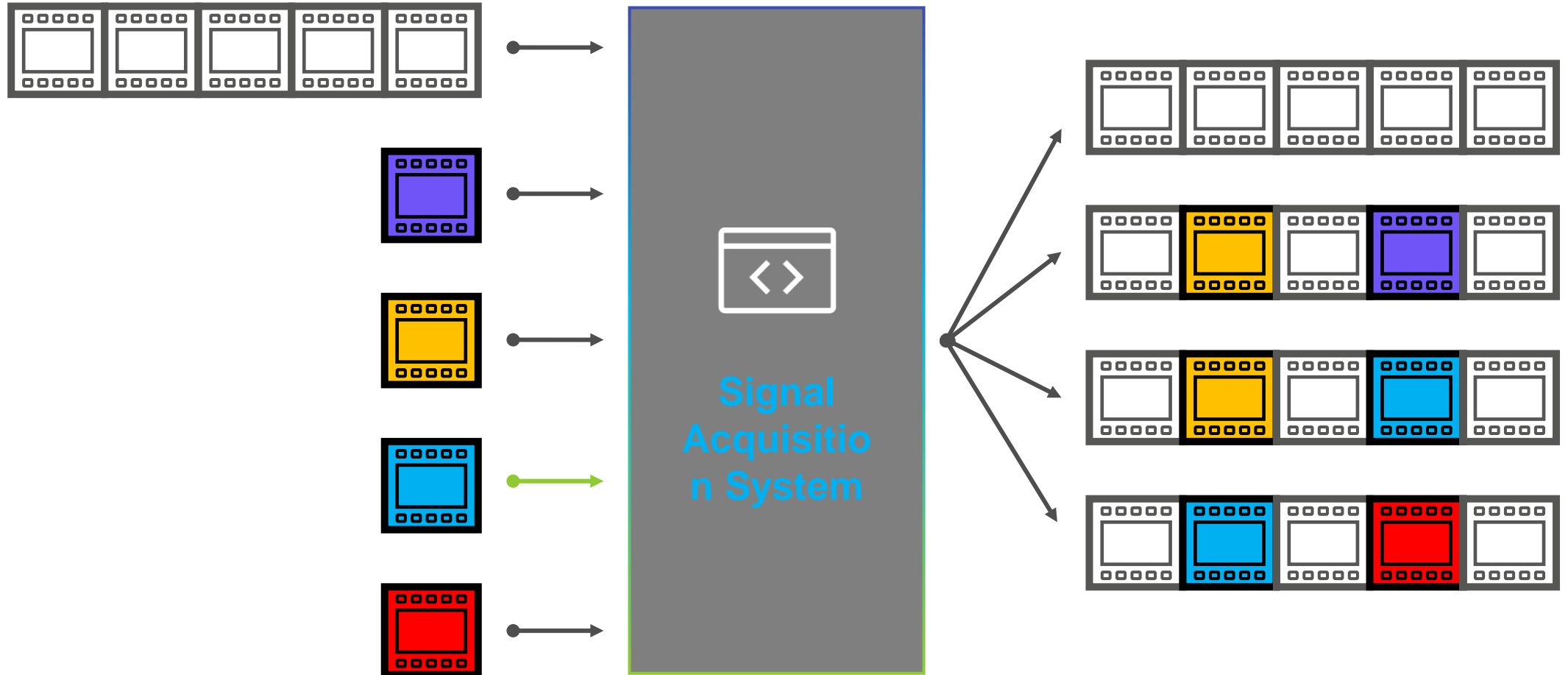




# SCTE 224 – Alternate Content



# SCTE 224 – Regionalization



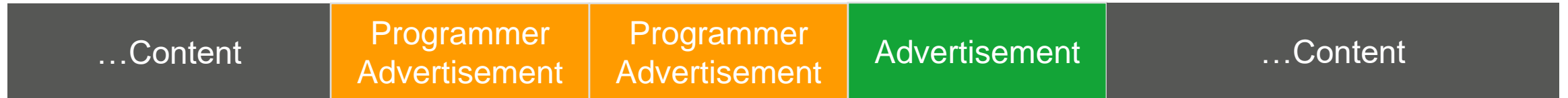
**Advertising as  
Well!**

  
COMCAST  
NBCUNIVERSAL



# SCTE 224 – Advertising

MVPD XYZ – Target  
advertisement opportunity

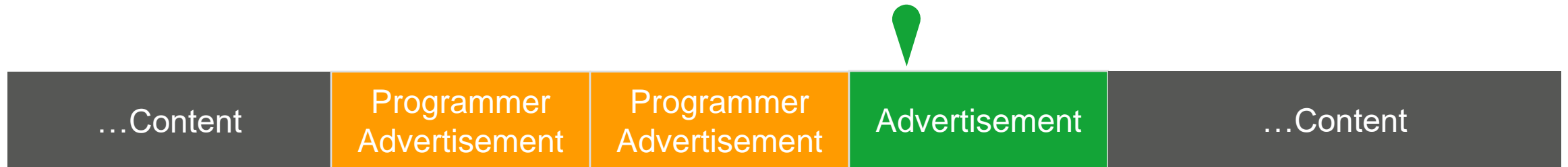


MVPD ABC – No opportunity,  
plays baked in advertisement



# SCTE 224 – Advertising

MVPD XYZ – Target advertisement opportunity



Ad inclusion roles:  
- Truck advertisement

Ad exclusion rules:  
- No Pepsi advertisements  
- No fast food advertisements



# SCTE 224 – Advertising

MVPD XYZ – Target advertisement opportunities



Scene-based  
recommendations



Ad-based  
recommendations

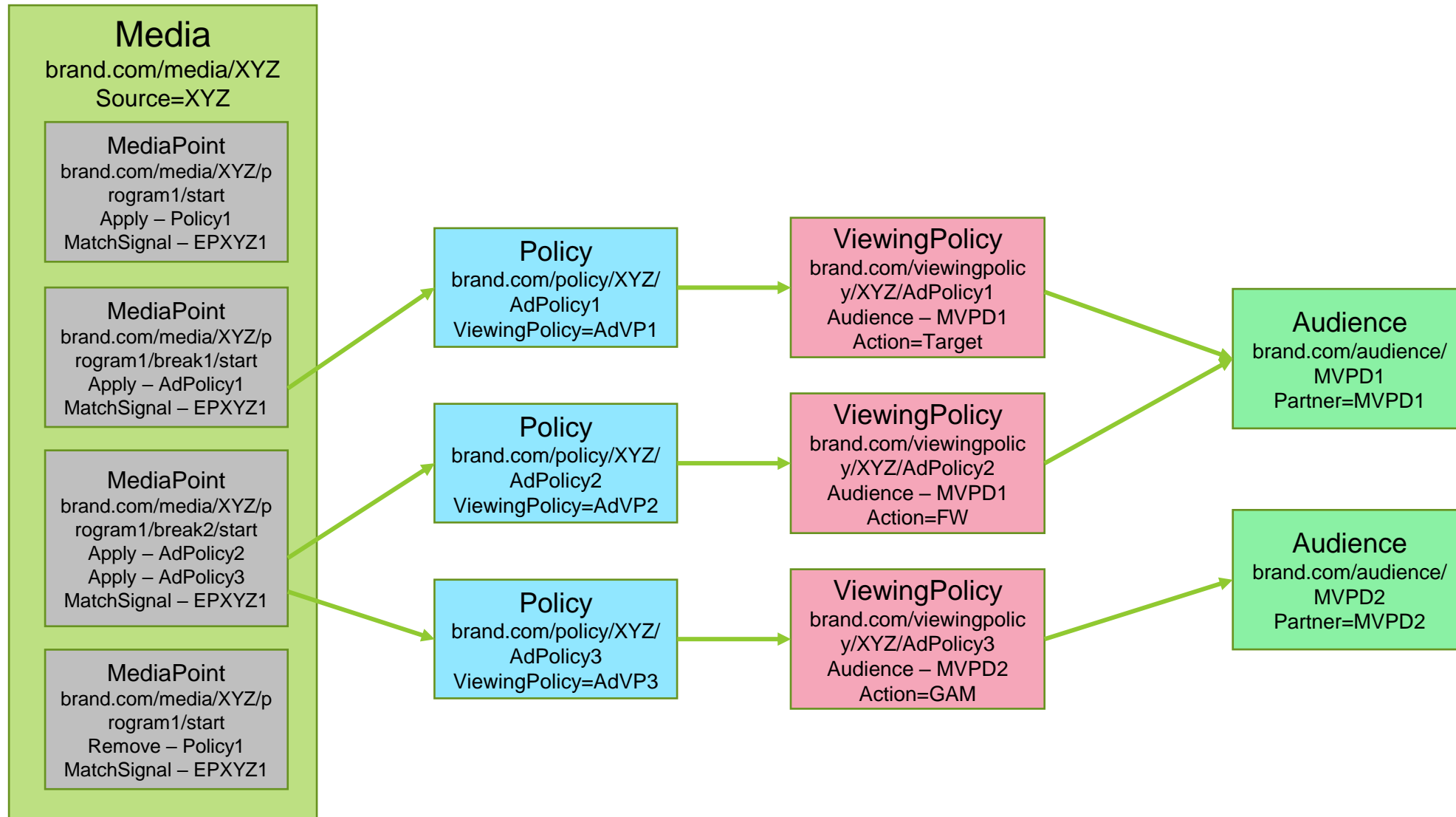


Ad inclusion roles:  
- Truck advertisement

Ad exclusion rules:  
- No Brand B advertisements  
- No fast food advertisements



# SCTE 224 – Advertising



# Benefits of Utilizing SCTE 35, SCTE 224, and SCTE 250

- Delivery
  - Reduced equipment
  - Reduced workflows and variants to maintain
- Advertising
  - Addressable Ad Slots can be identified different for different operators
  - Different Ad Decisioning Systems for different operators
  - Inclusion and exclusion rules conveyed machine-to-machine
  - Different inclusion and exclusion rules for different operators
  - Enriching metadata about the advertisements or the scenes leading up to the slot to create more intelligent ads



# Questions?

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